DEC 0 9 T	WO.E.	AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22. www.uspto.gov	OKPAIENIS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/764,417	01/23/2004	Jannis G. Stavrianopoulos	Enz-61(D12)	8192
28171 7590 06/18/2008 ENZO BIOCHEM, INC. 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR)			EXAMINER	
			RILEY, JEZIA	
NEW YORK, NY 10022		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1637	
	·		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/18/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.



Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/764,417	STAVRIANOPOULOS ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Jezia Rilev	1637		

- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed
- after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

 If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 March 2008. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
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closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>287-304 and 307-321</u> is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>307-321</u> is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>287-300</u> is/are rejected.				
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>301-304</u> is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application				

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

6) Other: _

DEC 0 9 2008 B Application/Control Number: 10/764,417 Art Unit: 1637

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Remarks

Applicants' arguments, filed on 3/10/2008, have been approved and entered. They have been fully considered. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either newly applied or reiterated. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 287-300 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Naito (US 5,707,779).

Naito discloses a composition comprising a dye covalently linked to a moiety having a reactive group. The composition comprises a dye molecule, wherein the dye molecule has a molecular structure containing an aromatic skeleton and three or more dye skeletons which respectively bond to the aromatic skeleton via a chemical bond formed by a condensation reaction. The dye molecule has a molecular structure containing a heterocyclic aromatic skeleton and three or more dye skeletons which bind to the heterocyclic aromatic skeleton so as to form a π electron conjugated system (col.

Art Unit: 1637

2, col.4-17, col. 19-20), which is viewed to be inclusive of the additional reactive group Rx. Col. 30 shows a structure of formula (9) where the composition comprises a moiety comprising a reactive group CF3. see also col. 35-36, which shows fused aromatic ring. Col. 48 shows composition comprising charged or polar moiety, which will inherently increase solubility, which is viewed to be inclusive of instant claim 297.

Claims 301-304 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 307-321 are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jezia Riley whose telephone number is 571-272-0786.

The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 571-272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1637

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

6/16/2008

/Jezia Riley/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1637



Notice of References Cited

Application/Control No. 10/764,417		Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination STAVRIANOPOULOS ET AL.		
	Examiner Jezia Riley	Art Unit	Page 1 of 1	

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	Α	US-5,707,779	01-1998	Naito, Katsuyuki	430/270.1
	В	US-			
	С	US-			
	D	US-			
	E	US-			
	F	US-			
	G	US-			
	Ή	US-			
	_	US-			
	٦	US-			
	К	US-			
	L	US-			
	М	US-			

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Country	Name	Classification
	N					
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	Т					

NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages)			
	U				
	V				
	W				
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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.



FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:36:45 ON 16 JUN 2008

=> file biosis medline caplus wpids uspatfull

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*** YOU HAVE NEW MAIL ***

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MISSING OPERATOR ELOCALI?) (SYSTEM?
The search profile that was entered contains terms or
nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> s l1 and (conjugated or delocali?)(4a) (system? or structur?)
L2 274 L1 AND (CONJUGATED OR DELOCALI?)(4A) (SYSTEM? OR STRUCTUR?)

=> s 12 and dye (3a) (conjugated or delocali?)(4a) (system? or structur?)
L3 . 32 L2 AND DYE (3A) (CONJUGATED OR DELOCALI?)(4A) (SYSTEM? OR STRUCTUR?)

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3

L4 32 DUP REM L3 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l4 bib abs 1-32

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2007:72470 USPATFULL

TI Electrophoresis standards, methods and kits

IN Gentalen, Erik, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES

Suich, Daniel J., Oakland, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 20070062813 A1 20070322

AI US 2006-524630 A1 20060920 (11)

PRAI US 2005-719246P 20050920 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP, 555 CALIFORNIA STREET, SUITE 1000, SUITE 1000, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94104, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 29 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1164

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Electrophoresis Compositions, methods and kits useful for, among other things, detecting, quantifying and/or characterizing analytes are provided. The compositions are useful as electrophoresis standards for determine the isoelectric point and molecular weight of an analyte. The electrophoresis standards generally comprise at least one label moiety and one or more reactive moieties that when activated attach the standard to a substrate.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2006:202424 USPATFULL

TI Labeling reagents and labeled targets comprising nonmetallic porphyrins

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES

Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20060172308 A1 20060803

AI US 2004-763088 A1 20040122 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 19

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3541

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2006:40616 USPATFULL

TI Processes for incorporating nucleic acid sequences into an analyte or library of analytes

IN Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES

Donegan, James J., Long Beach, NY, UNITED STATES Coleman, Jack, East Northport, NY, UNITED STATES

Liu, Dakai, Islip, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20060035264 A1 20060216

AI US 2005-237466 A1 20050927 (11)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96076, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 69 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-413 DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4099

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention provides for compositions for use in real time nucleic acid detection processes. Such real time nucleic acid detection processes are carried out with energy transfer elements attached to nucleic acid primers, nucleotides, nucleic acid probes or nucleic acid binding agents. Real time nucleic acid detection allows for the qualitative or quantitative detection or determination of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids of interest in a sample. Other processes are provided by this invention including processes for removing a portion of a homopolymeric sequence, e.g., poly A sequence or tail, from an analyte or library of analytes. Compositions useful in carrying out such removal processes are also described and provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2006:34199 USPATFULL

TI Processes for quantitative or qualitative detection of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids

IN Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES
Donegan, James J., Long Beach, NY, UNITED STATES
Coleman, Jack, East Northport, NY, UNITED STATES
Liu, Dakai, Islip, NY, UNITED STATES

PI US 20060029968 A1 20060209

AI US 2005-235516 A1 20050926 (11)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96076, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 275 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-33 DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5182

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for compositions for use in real time nucleic acid detection processes. Such real time nucleic acid detection processes are carried out with energy transfer elements attached to nucleic acid primers, nucleotides, nucleic acid probes or nucleic acid binding agents. Real time nucleic acid detection allows for the qualitative or quantitative detection or determination of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids of interest in a sample. Other processes are provided by this invention including processes for removing a portion of a homopolymeric sequence, e.g., poly A sequence or tail, from an analyte or library of analytes. Compositions useful in carrying out such removal processes are also described and provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2006:27907 USPATFULL

TI Site- or sequence-specific process for cleaving analytes and library of analytes

IN Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES Donegan, James J., Long Beach, NY, UNITED STATES Coleman, Jack, East Northport, NY, UNITED STATES Liu, Dakai, Islip, NY, UNITED STATES PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation) PΙ US 20060024738 A1 20060202 US 2005-237467 ΑI A1 20050927 (11) RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96076, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022, CLMN Number of Claims: 555 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 15 Drawing Page(s) DRWN LN.CNT 6144 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. AB This invention provides for compositions for use in real time nucleic acid detection processes. Such real time nucleic acid detection processes are carried out with energy transfer elements attached to nucleic acid primers, nucleotides, nucleic acid probes or nucleic acid binding agents. Real time nucleic acid detection allows for the qualitative or quantitative detection or determination of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids of interest in a sample. Other processes are provided by this invention including processes for removing a portion of a homopolymeric sequence, e.g., poly A sequence or tail, from an analyte or library of analytes. Compositions useful in carrying out such removal processes are also described and provided. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L4ANSWER 6 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN 2006:27906 USPATFULL TI Process for removal of homopolymeric sequence portion from analyte(s) and library of analytes IN Babbani, Elazar, New york, NY, UNITED STATES Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Baysnore, NY, UNITED STATES Donegan, James J., Long Beach, NY, UNITED STATES Coleman, Jack, East Northport, NY, UNITED STATES Liu, Dakai, Islip, NY, UNITED STATES PAEnzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation) PΙ US 20060024737 A1 20060202 AΤ US 2005-237442 A1 20050927 (11) RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96076, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING DТ Utility FS APPLICATION ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022, LREP CLMN Number of Claims: 17 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-527 DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 3943

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention provides for compositions for use in real time nucleic acid detection processes. Such real time nucleic acid detection processes are carried out with energy transfer elements attached to nucleic acid primers, nucleotides, nucleic acid probes or nucleic acid binding agents. Real time nucleic acid detection allows for the qualitative or quantitative detection or determination of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids of interest in a

sample. Other processes are provided by this invention including processes for removing a portion of a homopolymeric sequence, e.g., poly A sequence or tail, from an analyte or library of analytes. Compositions useful in carrying out such removal processes are also described and provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L4 ANSWER 7 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
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AN 2006:27904 USPATFULL

TI Chimeric nucleic acid constructs and compositions comprising sets of nucleic acid constructs

IN Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES
Donegan, James J., Long Beach, NY, UNITED STATES
Coleman, Jack, East Northport, NY, UNITED STATES
Liu, Dakai, Lslip, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20060024735 A1 20060202

AI US 2005-236151 A1 20050927 (11)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96076, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022,

CLMN Number of Claims: 52 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-404

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4013

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for compositions for use in real time nucleic acid detection processes. Such real time nucleic acid detection processes are carried out with energy transfer elements attached to nucleic acid primers, nucleotides, nucleic acid probes or nucleic acid binding agents. Real time nucleic acid detection allows for the qualitative or quantitative detection or determination of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids of interest in a sample. Other processes are provided by this invention including processes for removing a portion of a homopolymeric sequence, e.g., poly A sequence or tail, from an analyte or library of analytes. Compositions useful in carrying out such removal processes are also described and provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L4 ANSWER 8 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
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AN 2005:286855 USPATFULL

TI Fluorescent nucleobase conjugates having anionic linkers

IN Taing, Meng, San Mateo, CA, UNITED STATES
Khan, Shaheer H., Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES
Menchen, Steven M., Fremont, CA, UNITED STATES
Rosenblum, Barnett B., San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Applera Corporation, Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20050250119 A1 20051110

AI US 2004-977341 A1 20041028 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-976168, filed on 11 Oct 2001, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6811979

PRAI US 2000-239660P 20001011 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MILA KASAN, PATENT DEPT., APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 850 LINCOLN CENTRE DRIVE,

FOSTER CITY, CA, 94404, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 2 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 76 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2438

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Provided are nucleotide-dye conjugates and related compounds in which a dye is linked to a nucleobase directly or indirectly by an anionic linker. The anionic character of the linker is provided by one or more anionic moieties which are present in the linker, such as phosphate, phosphonate, sulfonate, and carboxylate groups. When the dye is a provided as a donor/acceptor dye pair, the anionic linker can be located between the donor and the acceptor, or between the nucleobase and either the donor or acceptor, or both. In one embodiment, conjugates of the invention provide enhanced electrophoretic mobility characteristics to sequencing fragments, e.g., for dideoxy sequencing using labeled terminators.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN - 2005:159178 USPATFULL

TI Real-time nucleic acid detection processes and compositions

IN Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Baysnore, NY, UNITED STATES
Donegan, James J., Long Beach, NY, UNITED STATES
Coleman, Jack, East Northport, NY, UNITED STATES

Liu, Dakai, Islip, NY, UNITED STATES

PI US 20050137388 A1 20050623

AI US 2002-96076 A1 20020312 (10)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022,

CLMN Number of Claims: 542 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6158

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for compositions for use in real time nucleic acid detection processes. Such real time nucleic acid detection processes are carried out with energy transfer elements attached to nucleic acid primers, nucleotides, nucleic acid probes or nucleic acid binding agents. Real time nucleic acid detection allows for the qualitative or quantitative detection or determination of single-stranded or double-stranded nucleic acids of interest in a sample. Other processes are provided by this invention including processes for removing a portion of a homopolymeric sequence, e.g., poly A sequence or tail, from an analyte or library of analytes. Compositions useful in carrying out such removal processes are also described and provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2005:5243 USPATFULL

TI Novel chemiluminescent reagents

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, 10022 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20050004350 A1 20050106

US 7256299 B2 20070814

AΙ US 2004-764388 A1 20040123 (10)

Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING RLI

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., 527 Madison Avenue (9th Floor), New York, NY, 10022-4304

Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: CLM-1-286

15 Drawing Page(s) DRWN

LN.CNT 3601

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ANSWER 11 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

2004:321700 USPATFULL AN

Labeling reagents comprising aphenylic analogs of rhodamine dyes TΙ

TN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES

Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY (U.S. corporation)

PΙ US 20040254355 Al 20041216

US 7256291

B2 20070814. A1 20040122 (10)

US 2004-763076 AΙ RIT

Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT . Utility

APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., 527 Madison Avenue (9th Floor), New York, NY, 10022-4304

Number of Claims: 286 CLMN

Exemplary Claim: 1 ECT.

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4545

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4ANSWER 12 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:292946 USPATFULL

TI Heterodimeric dye composition

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES Rabban, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES, 10022 (U.S. corporation)

A1 20041118 B2 20080129 A1 20040123 (10) PΙ US 20040230036 US 7323571

ΑI US 2004-764389 RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., 527 Madison Avenue (9th Floor), New York, NY, 10022-4304

CLMN Number of Claims: 286 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4541

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:292164 USPATFULL

TI Novel dye labeling composition

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES

Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, 10022 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20040229248 A1 20041118 US 6949659 B2 20050927

AI US 2004-764393 A1 20040123 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., 527 Madison Avenue, 9th Floor, New York, NY, 10022-4304

CLMN Number of Claims: 4

ECL Exemplary Claim: CLM-1-286

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3537

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:260541 USPATFULL

TI Process for preparing novel cyanine dye labeling reagents

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES

Rabbam, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, 10022 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20040203038 A1 20041014 US 7241897 B2 20070710

AI US 2004-761906 Al 20040121 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

PA

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., 527 Madison Avenue (9th Floor), New York, NY, 10022-4304

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: CLM-1-286

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3584

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:248291 USPATFULL

TI Process for detecting the presence or quantity of enzymatic activity in a sample

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES

Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES, 10022 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20040192893 A1 20040930

AI US 2004-764417 A1 20040123 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc., 527 Madison Avenue (9th Floor), New York, NY, 10022-4304

CLMN Number of Claims: 36

ECL Exemplary Claim: CLM-1-286

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3665

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:228200 USPATFULL

TI Process for detecting the presence or quantity of enzymatic activity in a sample

IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., New York, NY, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 20040176586 A1 20040909 US 7163796 B2 20070116

AI US 2004-764418 A1 20040123 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-96075, filed on 12 Mar 2002, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ronald C. Fedus, Esq., Enzo Life Sciences, Inc., c/o Enzo Biochem, Inc.,

527 Madison Avenue (9th Floor), New York, NY, 10022-4304

CLMN Number of Claims: 286

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4543

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays. They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- L4 ANSWER 17 OF 32 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
- AN 2004:271760 BIOSIS
- DN PREV200400272800
- TI Staining by numbers: A tool for understanding and assisting use of routine and special histopathology stains.
- AU Horobin, Richard W. [Reprint Author]
- CS IBLSDiv Neurosci & Biomed Syst, Univ Glasgow, Western Med Bldg, Glasgow, Lanark, G12 8QQ, Scotland
 RichardWHorobin@aol.com
- SO Journal of Histotechnology, (March 2004) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 23-28. print. CODEN: JOHIDN. ISSN: 0147-8885.
- DT Article
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 2 Jun 2004 Last Updated on STN: 2 Jun 2004
- AB Most benchworkers consider successful histopathological staining as a matter of skills, experience, and rules of thumb. This article champions a further factor: making useful predictions concerning stains and staining using QSAR (quantitative structure-activity relations) models, for instance, when selecting new stains, or modifying old stains, or trouble-shooting problem stains. QSAR models require a description of properties of stain molecules by numbers, with these numbers being used to make predictions and to understand what's happening. Key numerical parameters ("numbers") describe electric charge, overall size of a dye or dye ion, hydrophilicity/lipophilicity, and size of a dye's aromatic system. Simple case examples discussed are the nature of acid and basic dyes; the effects of staining rates on demonstration of mucins with basic dyes; the control of lipid staining by dye lipophilicity; and influence of the size of a dye's conjugated system on high-affinity staining. More complicated applications of QSAR models are also discussed, namely the selection of alternative stains to alcians blue and yellow; avoidance of stain loss during washing, cleaning, and mounting; and identification of positive artifacts, specifically background staining occurring with resin embedded specimens. Do-it-yourself staining by numbers also is discussed.
- L4 ANSWER 18 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
- AN 2003:319498 USPATFULL
- TI Labeling reagents and labeled targets, target labeling processes and other processes for using same in nucleic acid determinations and analyses
- IN Stavrianopoulos, Jannis G., Bayshore, NY, UNITED STATES Rabbani, Elazar, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
- PI US 20030225247 A1 20031204

```
US 7166478
                           B2 20070123
ΑI
       US 2002-96075
                           A1 20020312 (10)
DT
       Utility
       APPLICATION
FS
LREP
       ENZO LIFE SCIENCES, INC., c/o ENZO BIOCHEM, INC., 527 Madison Avenue,
       9th Floor, New York, NY, 10022
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 286
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       15 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 4499
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       This invention provides for labeling reagents, labeled targets and
       processes for preparing labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can
       take the form of cyanine dyes, xanthene dyes, porphyrin dyes, coumarin
       dyes or composite dyes. These labeling reagents are useful for labeling
       probes or targets, including nucleic acids and proteins. These reagents
       can be usefully applied to protein and nucleic acid probe based assays.
       They are also applicable to real-time detection processes.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 19 OF 32 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2008
L4
                                                 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
     2003-140216 [13]
                        WPIDS
AN
    C2003-035471 [13]
DNC
     New DNA groove-binding cyanine dye for use in probe for nucleic acid
     hybridization
DC
     B04; D16; E23
IN
     KARLSSON J; WESTMAN G; KUBISTA M
     (LIGH-N) LIGHT UP TECHNOLOGIES AB; (LIGH-N) LIGHTUP TECHNOLOGIES AB
PΑ
CYC 99
PIA WO 2002090443
                    A1 20021114 (200313) * EN
                                               55 [19]
     SE 2001001651
                   A 20021111 (200313) SV
     SE 519116
                     C2 20030114 (200313)
     EP 1390433
                     A1 20040225 (200415)
     US 20040132046 A1 20040708 (200445)
                                           EN
     AU 2002303054
                    A1 20021118 (200452)
                                           EN
     JP 2004536900
                    W 20041209 (200481)
                                           JA
     EP 1390433
                    B1 20050216 (200513)
                                           EN
     DE 60203005
                     E 20050324 (200523)
                                           DE
     DE 60203005
                     T2 20060511 (200635)
                                           DE
     AU 2002303054
                    B2 20061207 (200729)
                                           EN
     US 7378240
                    B2 20080527 (200835)
                                           ΕN
    WO 2002090443 A1 WO 2002-SE860 20020510; SE 519116 C2 SE 2001-1651
ADT
     20010510; SE 2001001651 A SE 2001-1651 20010510; AU 2002303054 A1 AU
     2002-303054 20020510; AU 2002303054 B2 AU 2002-303054 20020510; DE
     60203005 E DE 2002-60203005 20020510; DE 60203005 T2 DE 2002-60203005
     20020510; EP 1390433 A1 EP 2002-731046 20020510; EP 1390433 B1 EP
     2002-731046 20020510; DE 60203005 E EP 2002-731046 20020510; DE 60203005
     T2 EP 2002-731046 20020510; JP 2004536900 W JP 2002-587511 20020510; EP
     1390433 A1 WO 2002-SE860 20020510; US 20040132046 A1 Cont of WO 2002-SE860
     20020510; JP 2004536900 W WO 2002-SE860 20020510; EP 1390433 B1 WO
     2002-SE860 20020510; DE 60203005 E WO 2002-SE860 20020510; DE 60203005 T2
     WO 2002-SE860 20020510; US 20040132046 A1 US 2003-605961 20031110; US
     7378240 B2 Cont of WO 2002-SE860 20020510; US 7378240 B2 US 2003-605961
     20031110
FDT DE 60203005
                    E Based on EP 1390433
                                                A; DE 60203005
                                                                   T2 Based on
                                       Al Based on WO 2002090443
     EP 1390433
                    A; EP 1390433
                                                                   A; AU
                 Al Based on WO 2002090443 A; JP 2004536900
                                                                W Based on WO
     2002303054
     2002090443
                 A; EP 1390433
                                    B1 Based on WO 2002090443
                                                                 A; DE 60203005
     E Based on WO 2002090443 A; DE 60203005
                                                   T2 Based on WO 2002090443
     A; AU 2002303054 B2 Based on WO 2002090443
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PRAI SE 2001-1651 20010510 ΑN 2003-140216 [13] WPIDS AB

UPAB: 20050903 WO 2002090443 Al

NOVELTY - A cyanine dye binding in the groove of DNA, is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A cyanine dye binding in the groove of DNA of formula (I) or (II) is new.

A1, A2 = O, S or N;

R = H or carbohydrate that may contain a heteroatom;

m, n = 0-5.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for carrying out real-time PCR reaction of a DNA template.

USE - The dye is for use in a probe for nucleic acid hybridization. It is useful for carrying out a real-time PCR-reaction of a DNA template. (All claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The dye of the invention binds differently to A-T rich and G-C rich regions. It binds to the minor groove of A-T rich regions and it stabilizes A-T bonds more than G-C bonds in a DNA duplex. The dye in probes improves mismatch discrimination.

ANSWER 20 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN **L4**

ΑN 2002:75102 USPATFULL

TI Optical storage medium

IN Yamazaki, Mikio, Kanagawa, JAPAN Kanno, Toshiyuki, Nagano, JAPAN

PA Fuji Electric Co., Ltd., JAPAN (non-U.S. corporation)

B1 20020409 PΤ US 6368692 US 1999-411447 19991001 (9) AΙ

PRAI JP 1998-286263 19981008

DT Utility FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Evans, Elizabeth

Morrison Law Firm LREP CLMN Number of Claims: 16 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 14 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 844

AB An optical storage medium that is compatible with a semiconductor laser having a beam with a short wavelength (i.e. between 500 and 700 nm), which includes a highly stable dye layer. The optical storage medium of the invention includes an optically transparent substrate having at least one major surface on which at least one groove is formed, a storage layer on the substrate and a metal reflection layer on the storage layer. The storage layer contains a composite consisting of from about 3 weight % to about 30 weight % of a metal complex compound and a cyanine dye. The cyanine dye absorbs light in the wavelength between 500 and 700 nm, and has an asymmetric molecular structure. The optical storage medium of the invention reduces jitter components in high density data storage and conforms to DVD specifications.

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ANSWER 21 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
L4
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AN 2002:191525 USPATFULL

TТ Fluorescent nucleobase conjugates having anionic linkers

IN Taing, Meng, San Mateo, CA, UNITED STATES Khan, Shaheer H., Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES Menchen, Steven M., Fremont, CA, UNITED STATES Rosenblum, Barnett B., San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

PΑ PE Corporation (NY), Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES, 94404 (U.S.

corporation)

PΙ US 20020102590 A1 20020801 US 6811979 B2 20041102 AI US 2001-976168 A1 20011011 (9) PRAI US 2000-239660P 20001011 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP PATTI SELAN, PATENT ADMINISTRATOR, APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 850 LINCOLN CENTRE DRIVE, FOSTER CITY, CA, 94404

CLMN Number of Claims: 85 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 76 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2702

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Provided are nucleotide-dye conjugates and related compounds in which a dye is linked to a nucleobase directly or indirectly by an anionic linker. The anionic character of the linker is provided by one or more anionic moieties which are present in the linker, such as phosphate, phosphonate, sulfonate, and carboxylate groups. When the dye is a provided as a donor/acceptor dye pair, the anionic linker can be located between the donor and the acceptor, or between the nucleobase and either the donor or acceptor, or both. In one embodiment, conjugates of the invention provide enhanced electrophoretic mobility characteristics to sequencing fragments, e.g., for dideoxy sequencing using labeled terminators.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:136785 USPATFULL

TI Monomethine cyanines rigidized by a two-carbon chain

IN Mujumdar, Ratnakar B., Glenshaw, PA, United States Waggoner, Alan S., Pittsburgh, PA, United States Karandikar, Bhalchandra M., Tigard, OR, United States

PA Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA, United States (U.S.

corporation)

PI US 6277984 B1 20010821 AI US 1999-249537 19990211 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-474057, filed on 7 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5852191

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Kifle, Bruck LREP Kirkpatrick & Lockhart LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 28

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1277

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Fluorescent monomethine cyanine complexes rigidized a two-carbon alkyl group between the nitrogen's of the cyanine's heterocycles are provided and having the structure ##STR1##

wherein R.sub.1 through R.sub.7 represent various selected groups or ring structures that may be chosen to provide desired solubility, reactive, or spectral properties.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1999:146792 USPATFULL

TI Monomethine cyanines rigidized by a two-carbon chain

IN Mujumdar, Ratnakar B., Glenshaw, PA, United States Waggoner, Alan S., Pittsburgh, PA, United States

```
Karandikar, Bhalchandra M., Tigard, OR, United States
PA
       Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA, United States (U.S.
       corporation)
PΙ
       US 5986093
                               19991116
       US 1995-474057
ΑI
                               19950607 (8)
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Shah, Mukund J.; Assistant Examiner: Kifle, Bruck
LREP
       Kirkpatrick & Lockhart LLP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 8
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1174
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Fluorescent monomethine cyanine complexes rigidized by a two-carbon
       alkyl group between the nitrogen's of the cyanine's heterocycles are
       provided and have the structure ##STR1## wherein R.sub.1 through R.sub.7
       represent various selected groups or ring structures that may be chosen
       to provide desired solubility, reactive, or spectral properties.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L4
     ANSWER 24 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       1999:142154 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Monomethine cyanines rigidized by a two-carbon chain
       Mujumdar, Ratnakar B., Glenshaw, PA, United States
IN
       Waggoner, Alan S., Pittsburgh, PA, United States
       Karandikar, Bhalchandra M., Tigard, OR, United States
PA
       Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA, United States (U.S.
       corporation)
PΙ
       US 5981747
                               19991109
       US 1997-997275
ΑI
                               19971223 (8)
RLI
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-474057, filed on 7 Jun 1995
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Raymond, Richard L.; Assistant Examiner: Sripada,
       Pavanaram K
       Kirkpatrick & Lockhart LLP
LREP
       Number of Claims: 4
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1318
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Fluorescent monomethine cyanine complexes rigidized by a two-carbon
       alkyl group between the nitrogen's of the cyanine's heterocycles are
       provided and have the structure ##STR1## wherein R.sub.1 through R.sub.7
       represent various selected groups or ring structures that may be chosen
       to provide desired solubility, reactive, or spectral properties.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 25 OF 32 'USPATFULL on STN
L4
AΝ
       1998:4382 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Amorphous organic thin-film device, amorphous organic polymer
       composition, and amorphous inorganic composition
       Naito, Katsuyuki, Yokohama, Japan
IN
PA
       Kabushiki Kaisha Toshiba, Kawasaki, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 5707779
                               19980113
       US 1996-701991
ΑI
                               19960823 (8)
RLI
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-281034, filed on 27 Jul 1994, now
```

abandoned

PRAI JP 1993-184652 19930727 JP 1994-48092 19940318

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Angebranndt, Martin

LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C.

CLMN Number of Claims: 9 ECL Exemplary Claim: 9

DRWN 4 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1102

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An amorphous organic thin-film device comprising an organic thin-film containing a dye molecules represented by the following formula (1) or (2):

R-[X-Y].sub.n (1)

R'-[X'-Y].sub.n (2)

wherein R represents an aromatic skeleton, R' represents a heterocyclic aromatic skeleton, X represents a linkage group containing a chemical bond formed by a condensation reaction, X' represents a member selected from the group consisting of a single bond, --O--, --NH--, --NR"CO-- and --CH.sub.2 --, Y represents a dye skeleton with or without a substituent; and n is an integer of 3 or more, in which n members of X, X' and Y may be the same or different.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:29383 USPATFULL

TI Biodegradable azo dyes

IN Paszczynski, Andrzej, Moscow, ID, United States Goszczynski, Stefan, Moscow, ID, United States Crawford, Ronald L., Moscow, ID, United States Crawford, Donald L., Moscow, ID, United States Pasti, Maria B., Moscow, ID, United States

PA Idaho Research Foundation, Inc., Moscow, ID, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5618726

19970408

AI US 1994-345261

19941123 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-970716, filed on 2 Nov 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-930162, filed on 12 Aug 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-615514, filed on 27 Mar 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Kight, John; Assistant Examiner: Leary, Louise

LREP Klarquist Sparkman Campbell Leigh & Whinston, LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 27

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 22 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2117

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A composition comprises an azo dye having a lignin-like substitution pattern and an environmentally common microbe, such as Streptomyces or Phanerochaete chrysosporium. The composition may also comprise an azo dye having a lignin-like substitution pattern, an amount of lignin peroxidase effective to degrade the dye, and an amount of veratryl alcohol effective to recycle lignin peroxidase II to lignin peroxidase. The lignin peroxidase may be provided by an environmentally common

microbe. Azo dyes substituted with lignin-like groups are completely mineralized by the environmentally common microbe. The biodegradable azo dye preferably includes a first aromatic ring having a first substituent R1 selected from hydroxy or lower alkoxy, a second substituent R2 selected from lower alkyl or lower alkoxy, and a third substituent R3 selected from lower alkoxy or halogen. In especially preferred embodiments the first substituent R.sub.1 is hydroxy and is para to the azo group, and both R.sub.2 and R.sub.3 are electron-releasing substituents and are ortho to R.sub.1.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
ANSWER 27 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
       96:7405 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Biodegradable azo dyes
IN
       Paszczynski, Andrzej, Moscow, ID, United States
       Goszczynski, Stefan, Moscow, ID, United States
       Crawford, Ronald L., Moscow, ID, United States
       Crawford, Donald L., Moscow, ID, United States
       Pasti, Maria B., Moscow, ID, United States
PΑ
       Idaho Research Foundation, Inc., Moscow, ID, United States (U.S.
       corporation)
PΙ
       US 5486214
                               19960123
ΑI
       US 1992-930162
                               19920812 (7)
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-675514, filed on 27 Mar 1991
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lieberman, Paul; Assistant Examiner: Ogden, Necholus
LREP
       Klarquist Sparkman Campbell Leigh & Whinston
       Number of Claims: 16
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       16 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1194
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

AB A biodegradable azo dye contains a nitrogen atom linked to an aromatic ring having a lignin-like substitution pattern. The ring is preferably a syringyl or guaiacol moiety, and provides a naturally-occurring structure for attack by microorganisms, such as Streptomyces or Phanerochaete. In especially preferred embodiments, the aromatic ring has a first substituent R.sub.1 selected from among hydroxy, lower alkoxy, or amino, and a second substituent R.sub.2 selected from among lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen. Some embodiments include a third ring substituent R.sub.3 selected from the group lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, and halogen.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
ANSWER 28 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
T.4
AN
       94:93582 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Switching device
IN
       Eguchi, Ken, Atsugi, Japan
       Sakai, Kunihiro, Yamato, Japan
       Kawada, Haruki, Atsugi, Japan
       Matsuda, Hiroshi, Yokohama, Japan
       Morikawa, Yuko, Kawasaki, Japan
       Nakagiri, Takashi, Tokyo, Japan
       Hamamoto, Takashi, Yokohama, Japan
       Kuribayashi, Masaki, Inagi, Japan
       Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
ΡI
       US 5359204
                               19941025
       US 1992-964481
AΙ
                               19921021 (7)
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RLI
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-662389, filed on 19 Feb 1991, now
       abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1987-106271, filed on 9
       Oct 1987, now abandoned
PRAI
       JP 1986-243684
                           19861013
       JP 1986-309431
                           19861224
       JP 1987-133157
                           19870527
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Crane, Sara W.
LREP
       Fitzpatrick, Cella Harper & Scinto
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 72
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       17 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1233
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A switching device is characterized by having periodical layer structure
       of an organic insulator between a pair of electrodes and having
       memorizability with respect to switching characteristic. The layer
       structure is formed of an amphiphilic compound according to the LB
       method.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 29 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
T.4
AN
       94:93387 USPATFULL
TI
       Second-order nonlinear optical polymer and method for producing the same
IN
       Amano, Michiyuki, Urizura, Japan
       Hikita, Makoto, Mito, Japan
       Tomaru, Satoru, Mito, Japan
       Kaino, Toshikuni, Mito, Japan
       Shuto, Yoshito, Hitachi, Japan
       Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation, Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.
PA
       corporation)
PΤ
       US 5359008
                               19941025
       US 1993-62138
AT
                               19930517 (8)
PRAI
       JP 1992-4149995
                           19920518
DT
       Utility
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nagumo, Mark
LREP
       Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner
CLMN
      Number of Claims: 10
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1,3
DRWN
      No Drawings
LN.CNT 1027
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention provides a second-order nonlinear optical polymer
       including a polymer backbone and side groups bonded to the polymer
       backbone, wherein the side groups include one or more of a first
       nonlinear optical group represented by the following formula (C-1) and
       one or more of a second nonlinear optical group represented by the
       following formula (C-2) or (C-2)': ##STR1## wherein \pi.sub.1 to
      \pi.sub.n, \pi'.sub.1, \pi'.sub.2, and \pi''.sub.1 each represent
      independently a \pi-conjugated cyclic compound group; X.sub.1 to
      X.sub.n-1, X'.sub.1, Y.sub.1 to Y.sub.n-1, and Y'.sub.1 each represent
       independently CH, N, or N→O; A.sub.1, A.sub.2, and A.sub.3 each
      represent independently an electron attracting group; D.sub.1, D.sub.2,
      and D.sub.3 each represent independently an electron donating group; and
      n represents an integer of 3 or greater.
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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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AN
       85:75213 USPATFULL
TI
       Heat-developable light-sensitive materials with shifted dyes
TN
       Naito, Hideki, Kanagawa, Japan
       Sato, Kozo, Kanagawa, Japan
PΑ
       Fuji Photo Film Co. Ltd., Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
       US 4560644
ΡI
                               19851224
ΑI
       US 1984-594491
                               19840329 (6)
DCD
       20010925
PRAI
       JP 1983-51656
                           19830329
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Schilling, Richard L.
LREP
       Sughrue, Mion, Zinn, Macpeak and Seas
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 16
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 13
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 1183
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A heat-developable light-sensitive material comprising a support having
       there on a light-sensitive silver halide, a binder and a dye releasing
       compound which is capable of reducing the light-sensitive silver halide
       and reacting with the light-sensitive silver halide by heating to
       release a dye, said dye releasing compound is changed so as to have
       shorter absorption wavelength. The heat-developable light-sensitive
       material has high sensitivity and can be developed without supplying
       water from the outside.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L4
     ANSWER 31 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       78:62483 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Color diffusion transfer photographic materials with sulfone color
       developing agent scavengers
TN
       Sera, Hidefumi, Kanagawa, Japan
       Tsubota, Motohiko, Kanagawa, Japan
       Hanai, Sosuke, Kanagawa, Japan
PA
       Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Minami-ashigara, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
       US 4124394
PΤ
                               19781107
AΙ
       US 1976-754802
                               19761227 (5)
PRAI
       JP 1975-159256
                           19751229
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Schilling, Richard L.
LREP
       Sughrue, Rothwell, Mion, Zinn and Macpeak
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 15
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 1765
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       In a color diffusion transfer photographic material which comprises a
       photosensitive element containing at least one silver halide emulsion
       layer having associated therein a non-diffusible dye image-providing
       material, an image-receiving element for immobilizing therein diffusible
       dye formed by the oxidation reaction of the dye image-providing material
       and a primary aromatic amino color developing agent to form dye images,
       and a processing composition for developing the exposed silver halide in
       the silver halide emulsion layer and transferring the diffusible dye
       formed into the image-receiving layer with at least one of the
       photosensitive elements, the image-receiving element or the processing
       composition containing a primary aromatic amino color developing agent
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ANSWER 30 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN

or a precursor thereof, with the photosensitive element and/or the image-receiving element of the photographic material containing at least one of divinyl sulfone and a divinyl sulfone derivative represented by the formula (I): ##STR1## wherein B represents an atomic group necessary for forming an ammonium group, a sulfonium group or a phosphonium group; X.sup. - represents an acid anion; and n is 0, 1 or 2.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ANSWER 32 OF 32 USPATFULL on STN 76:56891 USPATFULL AN TT Polymeric ammonium mordants for dye transfer IN Yoshida, Takashi, Minami-ashigara, Japan Miyazako, Takushi, Minami-ashigara, Japan PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Minami-ashigara, Japan (non-U.S. corporation) PΙ US 3986875 19761019 ΑI US 1974-499108 19740820 (5) JP 1973-93701 PRAI 19730820 חת Utility FS Granted EXNAM Primary Examiner: Klein, David; Assistant Examiner: Schilling, Richard LREP Sughrue, Rothwell, Mion, Zinn and Macpeak Number of Claims: 28 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1280

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An image-receiving element for use in a color diffusion transfer process which comprises a support having thereon an image-receiving layer containing a mordanting polymer having therein a repeating structural unit represented by the following General Formula (I); ##EQU1## wherein each of R.sub.1, R.sub.2, R.sub.3 and R.sub.4 is an alkyl group, a hydroxyalkyl group or an aralkyl group, and each of R.sub.1 and R.sub.3 and R.sub.2 and R.sub.4 can combine to form an alkylene group; A is an alkylene group, an arylene group or a group of the formula ##SPC1##

In which m and n each represents 0 or an integer of at least 1, with at least one of m and n being an integer of at least 1; and X.sup.- and Y.sup.- each represents a monovalent anion, and a method for forming a color image in the color diffusion transfer process comprising spreading an alkaline processing solution between an exposed silver halide photosensitive element and the image-receiving element above described.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.